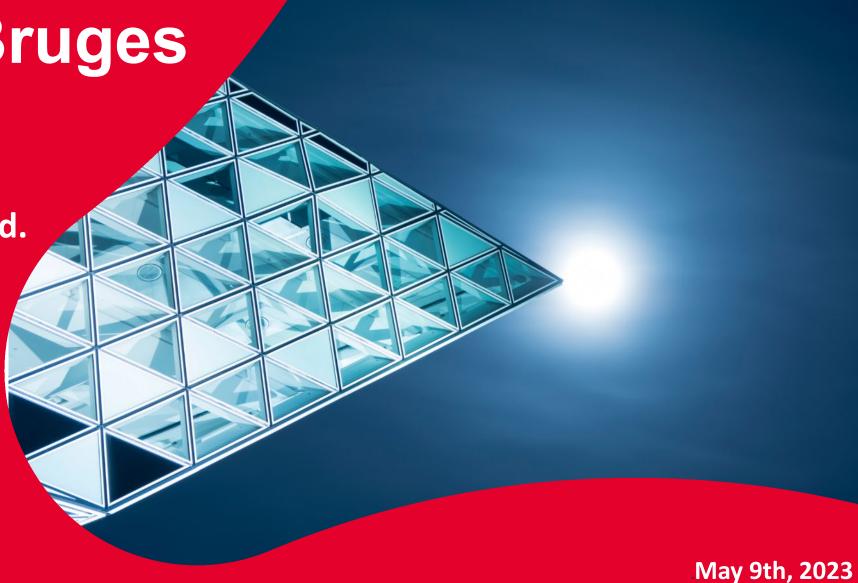
# Port of Antwerp-Bruges

# In tune with the world.

Tom Hautekiet,

**Chief Commercial Officer** 





# One port, two platforms





# A global port in the heart of Europe

2nd largest port of Europe

## One port Two sites

Bruges

Antwerp

Port of Antwerp Bruges





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Number one **export** port in Europe

Largest car handling

port in Europe

3,507,461 million cars/year

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**Total throughput** 287 mio tons/year

20,675 Seagoin

Seagoing vessels/year

2nd largest port in Europe

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Largest **chemical** hub in Europe

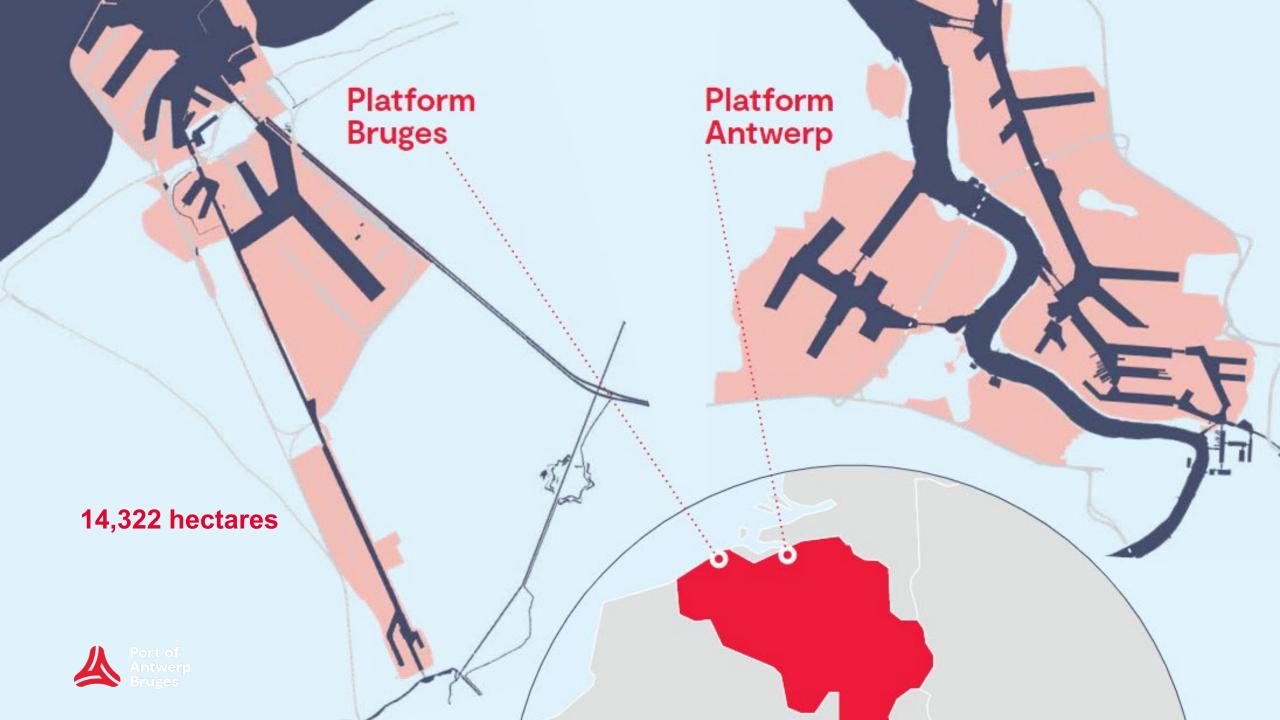


Important **cruise** port in Benelux 547,374 passenger movements

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15% of EU gas market





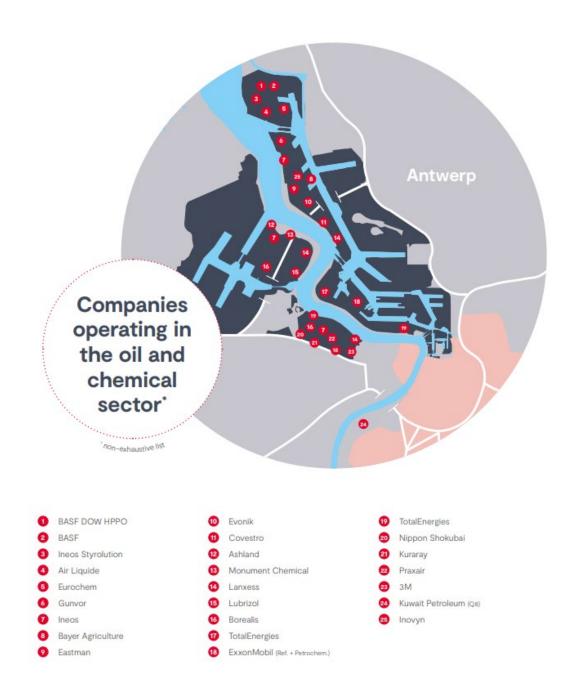
# A world class industrial cluster





# Antwerp: the largest integrated chemical cluster in Europe

- Guarantee of **stable supply of feedstock**, raw materials and intermediates
- Outstanding pipeline connectivity, tank storage and product handling
- **Import and production** of chemical commodities for the Global and North-West European market
- Leading chemical companies are present in the cluster and continue to invest in Antwerp





# **Europe's largest integrated oil & chemical cluster**

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# Zeebrugge: key natural gas import hub North-West Europe

- Fluxys
- 15% of EU gas market
- Large supplier to the German market
- Expansion plans ongoing for additional NG throughput capacity and future energy carriers



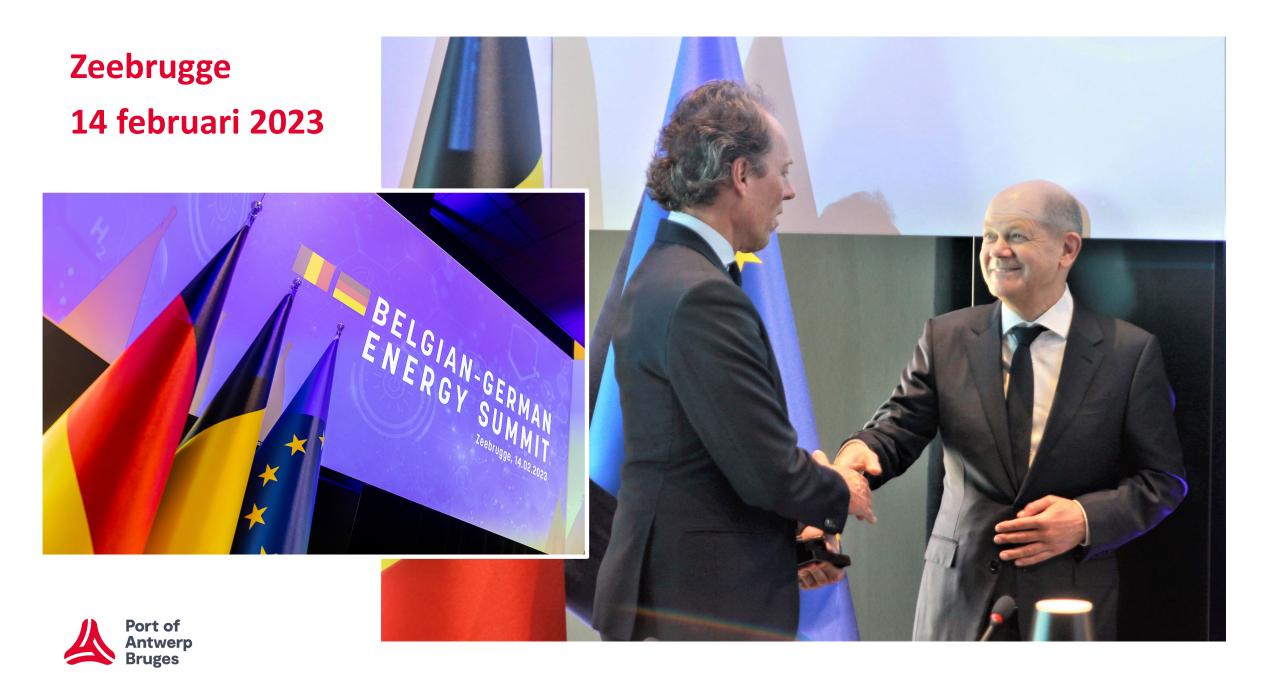


# **Strategic partner of the German industry**

- Major German chemical and logistic players host their production and import/export facilities in Antwerp, linked with German industrial sites
- Supply of **natural gas** through Zeebrugge
- Key port for steel, machinery and car(parts) import and export to/from Germany
- **Rail and barge** connections (20Mton/y) for a multitude of products and commodities as well as pipeline connections

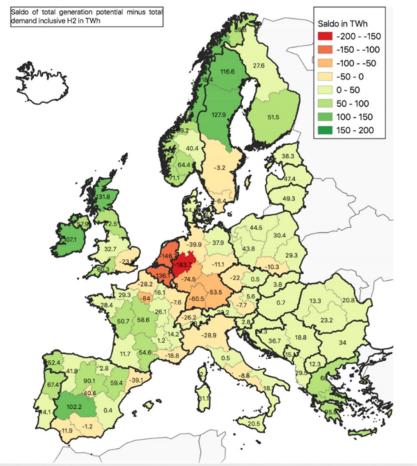






# Energy transition is a European challenge: joint efforts needed

- Tackle climate change AND security of energy supply for our economies.
- Belgium and Germany face the **same challenge**: large energy demand/industrialization and insufficient renewable energy potential to match.
- Interconnection of electricity grids and gas pipelines will continue to be vital for our economies.
- Electrones and molecules will be complementary, as well as European production and imports.





# Energy & feedstock hub enabling energy transition



# **Energy supply transition**

**3 pillar approach Port of Antwerp-Bruges** 





# **Climate transition lighthouse projects**



Sustainable **Energy** 



Expand Onshore wind production capacity



Backbones for sustainable flows (H2, CO2, waste heat & steam)



Hydrogen Import Coalition / Pilots



Sustainable Industry



**NextGen District** – hotspot for circular Economy



Sustainable **Shipping** 

The low
Anna and a second second

Multi Fuel Port – alternative fuels in offer



Antwerp@C – CCUS



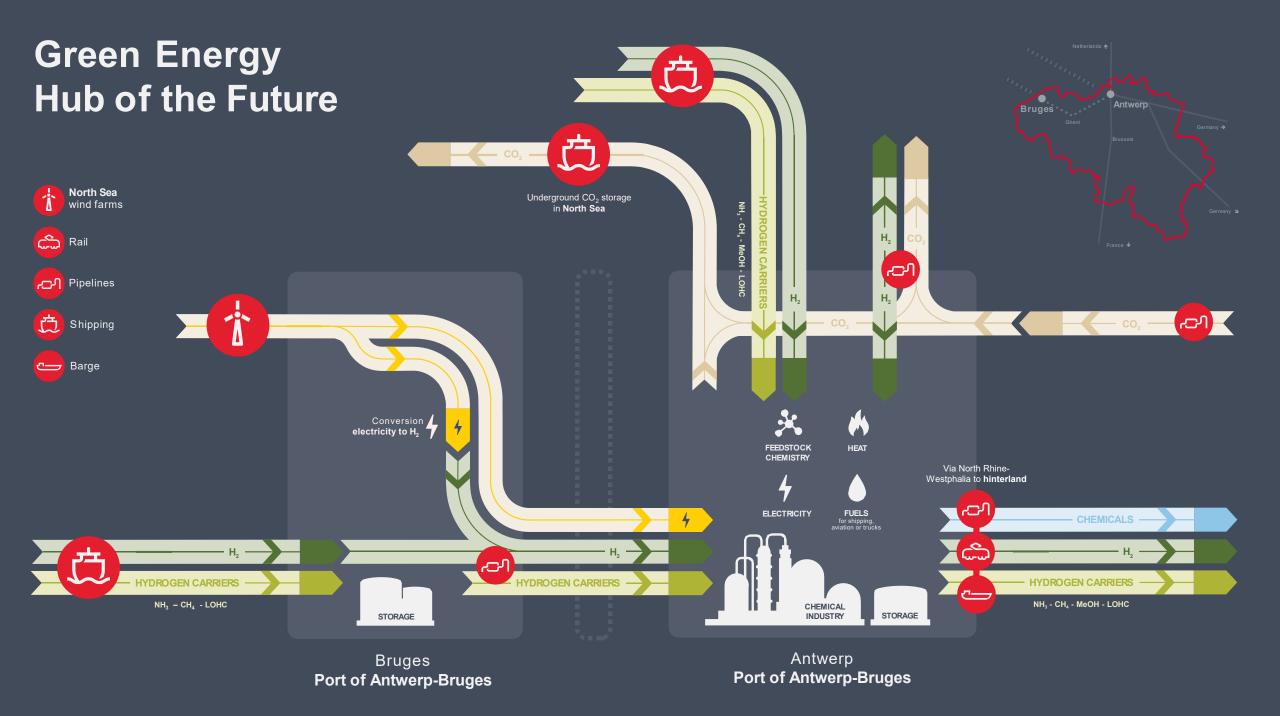
**Power-to-Methanol** green methanol production (CCU)

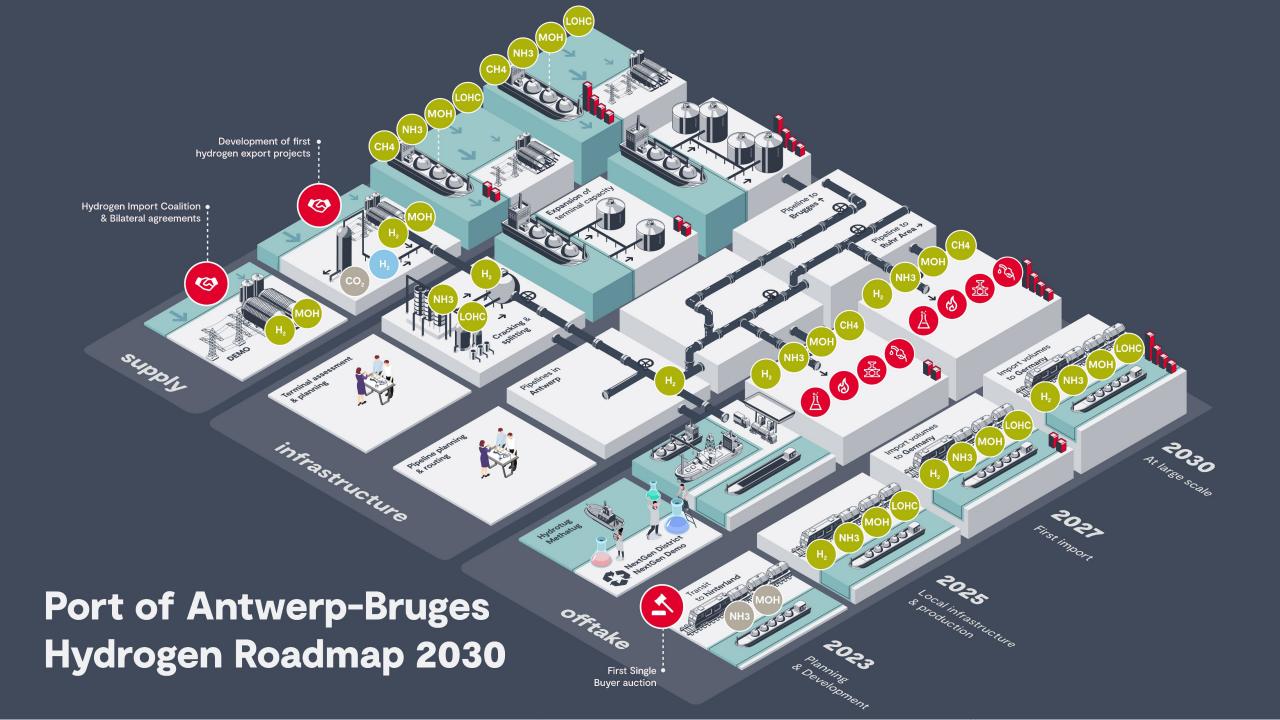


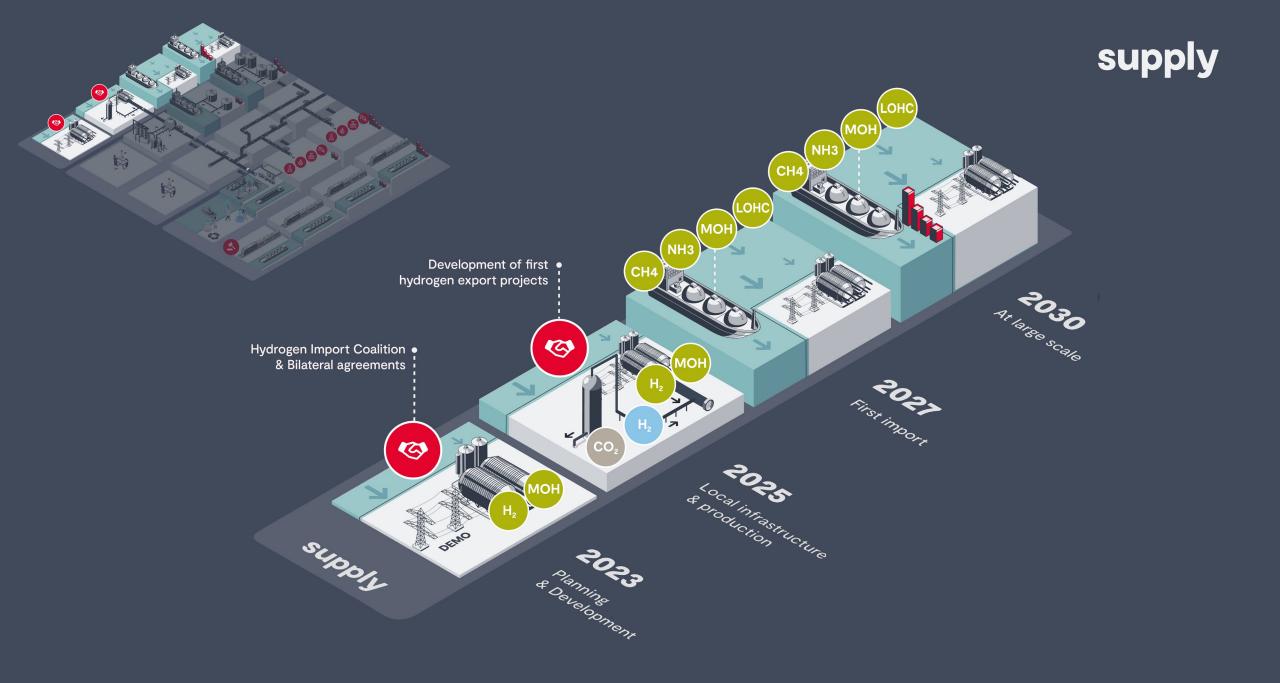
**Onshore power supply** for vessels



Tugboats on H2 & methanol







# Hydrogen roadmap 2030: supply

### Local production (non-exhaustive)

### Green hydrogen



**Hyoffwind consortium – Zeebrugge** Operational by 2024/2025 Electrolyser: 25MW, scalable to 100 MW



### **Plug – Antwerp/NextGen District** Operational by 2024/2025 12.500ton of hydrogen per year

### **Green methanol**



### **Power-to-Methanol**

Production of sustainable methanol from captured CO2 and renewable hydrogen. 2023: 8kta methanol synthesis 2030: potential to scale to 100kta

### Blue hydrogen



### Antwerp@C: Capture and recycling of CO<sub>2</sub> into new feedstock, discharge and disposal in North Sea

1st phase infrastructure operational in 2025. 2030: capture half of the port's CO2 emissions.

### Import (non-exhaustive)

### Most of our H2 demand will need to be imported



**Hydrogen imports will be key** for North-West Europe to feed the growing demand for these derivatives in industry and transport. **Complementary to local production** of green and blue hydrogen.

### **Global partnerships**



To facilitate the market ramp-up of this global supply chain we set out several **partnerships** around the world. Cooperation agreement with partners in Chile, Oman, Namibia, Egypt and Brazil.

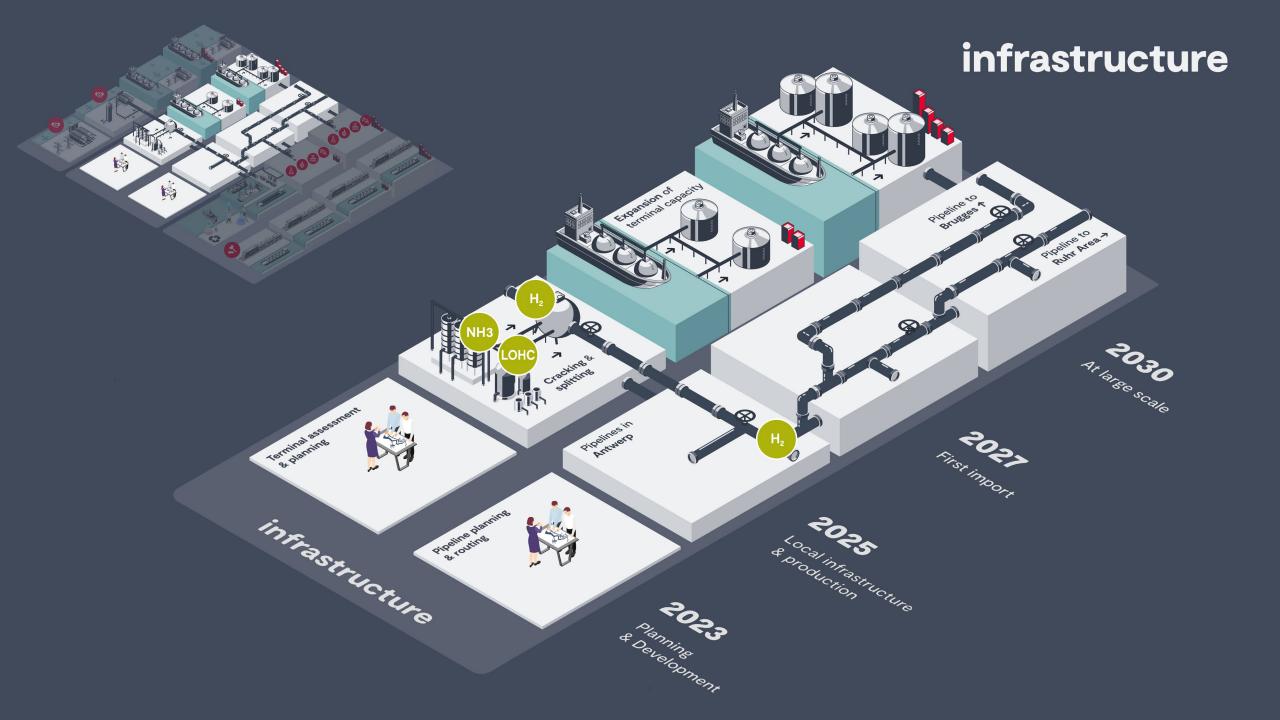
With Port of Antwerp-Bruges International we offer consultancy, management and investments to ports globally. With several locations aiming to become hydrogen production-usage-export hubs.

### Hydrogen import coalition



Coalition of industrial partners with expertise throughout the full value chain of hydrogen import proofed the technical-economical feasibility of hydrogen import with their study in 2019. In this next phase all partners are developing separate projects and continue to collaborate on advocating the right framework in Belgium for import.





# Hydrogen roadmap 2030: infrastructure

### Terminals: import and storage for hydrogen carriers



**Further expand hydrogen carrier existing capacity** for methanol, ammonia, LOHC and methane. Through reconversion or new built. Several projects in development, coming online 2027-2032.



### Hydrogen carrier conversion to hydrogen gas can be consumed directly or converted back into hydrogen gas. Ammonia cracking and a LOHC splitting installations are coming online from 2024 onwards.

### **Concrete projects**

**Fluxys and Advario** are studying construction of an open access terminal in Antwerp (2027). Other projects from commercial parties are in development but confidential.

**Air Liquide** is developing a first Ammonia Cracker in Antwerp, operational by 2024.

### **Pipelines**



### Largest hydrogen network

in Europe runs through the port, connected to other clusters.



### (open-access) hydrogen pipeline

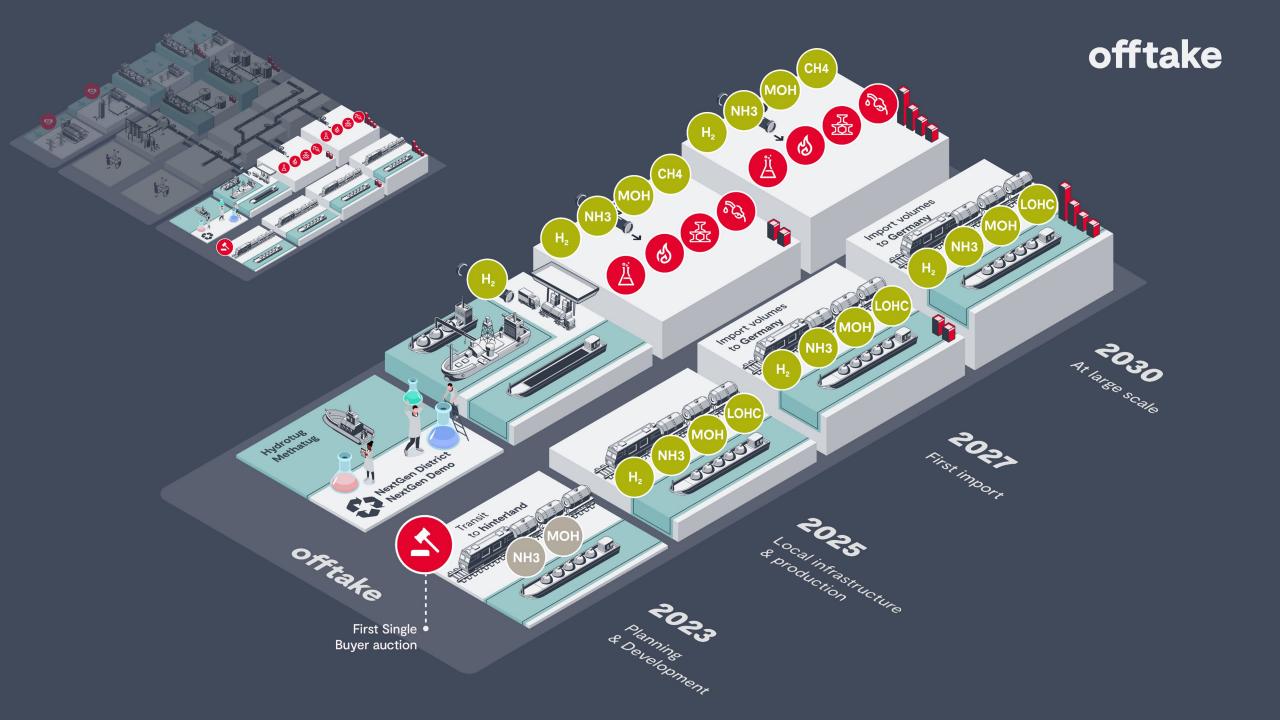
Construction of a pipeline in the Antwerp port area (early 2026) **connected to Zeebrugge and German hinterland**, among others, in the period 2028-2030.



### Over 1,000 km pipelines

of other product pipelines connected to the Antwerp platform.





# Hydrogen roadmap 2030: consumption and transit

### Industry

### Feedstock



Hydrogen molecules and derivatives like ammonia and methanol are **already consumed** in large quantities today in the Port and Belgium. In refineries and as feedstock for the chemical industry.



### **NextGen District**

At NextGen District, new circular processes on hydrogen will be developed, as well as green hydrogen production and innovation.

### High-temperature heat



For high temperature heat production hydrogen carriers can be burned.

### **Steel production**



Steel is currenly produced in blast furnaces, hydrogen can replace partially the fossil feed. In new DRI plants the full feed can be hydrogen, where enormous quantities will be needed.

### Transport

### Heavy duty transport or non-road vehicules



### **HyTrucks**

consortium with Air Liquide and DATS 24 as partners, aims to run 300 hydrogen-powered trucks in Belgium by 2025.



### World's first-ever refuelling hydrogen station

where ships as well as trucks, cars and tractors can fill up with **green hydrogen**, operated by CMB.TECH.



### **PIONEERS** project

port equipment on the terminals which cannot be electrified will switch to hydrogen or derivatives. In Pioneers project several pilots will be launched.

### Shipping: maritime, inland & tugboats



### Multi Fuel Port by 2025

where alternative shipping fuels such as methanol, ammonia and hydrogen, among others are available. For **inland shipping** we also aim for hydrogen.



### Hydrotug and methatug

**testing tugs running on methanol** (methatug) and **hydrogen** (hydrotug). This will make our own fleet more climate-friendly.



# Supply chain towards hinterland

Barge, rail, cables & pipelines: expanding the existing logistics

Eluxys LNG termi & project Hydrogen flow CO-flow

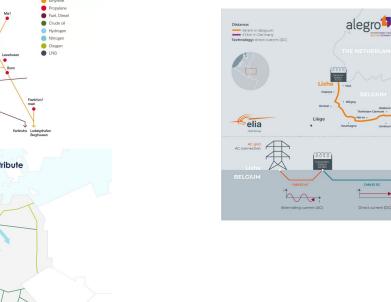




Cable connections to/from Netherlands, **France and Germany** 

amprion

AA



Liquid hydrocarbo

Port of Antwerp-Bruges as lever for a global hydrogen supply chain



# Partnerships are the key to success

Active membership of national and international organisations, bring together cross-sector partners

### **Partnerships & collaboration agreements** (non-exhaustive)





Innovation/development needed for:

- NH3-cracking
- Elektrolyzer efficiency/technology
- LOHC dehydrogenation

But biggest challenge is not technology, but:

- workable policy framework
- business-cases and building real value chains
- skilled work force (blue and white collar)

# BE project BE-HYFE





- Belgian Network for academic hydrogen expertise to support Belgian Industry
- Funded by the BE federal transition fund
- Core group of 16 PhD-students at 12 BE knowledge institutes
- PhD thesises covering the whole value chain of H<sub>2</sub>

### Three pilllars in the project



RESEARCH



TRAINING



https://www.behyfe.be/research

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